

Mirraloy™ TG&P vs. Commercial Grade

Mirraloy™ TG&P and Kromite® #3	SAE 4000 Series
<p>ELECTRIC FURNACE MELT</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • smaller more refined chemistry • more control of heat lot 	<p>OPEN HEARTH FURNACE</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • large heats – less refinement • little control
<p>CLEAN STEEL TECHNOLOGY</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • manufacturing process to eliminate impurities in steel and improve fatigue resistance 	<p>NOT REQUIRED</p>
<p>VACUUM DEGASSING</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Removes impurities in the steel to refine the chemistry 	<p>NOT REQUIRED</p>
<p>UNIQUE CHEMISTRY</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • low phosphorus, low sulfur, nickel enhanced • cleaner chemistry and improved strength 	<p>STANDARD CHEMISTRY</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • commercial practice follows minimum standards
<p>HEAT TREATED</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • thermal process is verified against strict guidelines 	<p>HEAT TREATED</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • lacks depth and uniformity compared to Kromite #3 and Mirraloy TG&P
<p>PHYSICAL PROPERTIES</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • typical tensile strength 156K • typical yield strength 123K • typical hardness Rockwell “C” 30/32 	<p>PHYSICAL PROPERTIES</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • typically 20% less strength than Kromite #3 and Mirraloy TG&P • more susceptible to fatigue failure
<p>MACHINE STRAIGHTENED</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • one half of the industry standard; 1/8” in any 5 feet 	<p>MACHINE STRAIGHTENED</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1/4” in any 5 feet
<p>STRESS RELIEVED</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • thermal treatment process to reduce the chances of “walking” or movement during machining 	<p>NOT REQUIRED</p>
<p>FATIGUE RESISTANCE</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • excellent toughness • toughness resists fatigue failure 	<p>FATIGUE RESISTANCE</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • lower degree of toughness – subject to fatigue failure, the number one cause of shaft failure in heavy industry
<p>MACHINABILITY</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • fine uniform grain promotes ease of machining 	<p>MACHINABILITY</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • not consistent, hard and soft spots
<p>MECHANICAL TESTING</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tensile, yield, elongation, reduction of area, and jominy are checked every 10,000 lbs, resulting in better control over physicals 	<p>MECHANICAL TESTING</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • commercially done at 50,000 lbs increments • less control of physical properties
<p>Designed to provide optimum performance.</p>	<p>SAE establishes safe <u>minimum</u> standards, not intended to provide optimum performance.</p>